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VOLUME XLV.—NO. 18.

## ELECTION

Will Decide Whether American People Can Be Bought and Bluffed  
by G. O. P.

"Howdy Ed" Morrow Big Asset to Democrats Now and in Future Campaigns.

Negro Republicans Adopt Race Equality Idea of Harding and Cause Trouble.

NEW KEYSTONE COMEDY REEL.

Next Tuesday is election day and two important questions will be decided by the American people, the decisions in each case to serve as a guide for the years to come. The first will be the attitude of the voters towards the much mooted League of Nations, and in addition to settling a nation-wide dispute on the question it will serve as a guide to just how far the people of America want to go in making connecting relations with foreign countries. The decision Tuesday on the League of Nations will be final. The other question to settle will be the contest between the moneyed interests and hoodlums on one side against the people on the other. It will be determined whether the American people can be bluffed, browbeaten and bought to support the candidacy of Harding, a mere tool of the money trust and profiteers. Here we have the spectacle of a man who does not impress even his backers or supporters, has wiggled and wobbled enough to disgust anyone, yet the Republican bosses propose to force him on the people as President of these United States. The laying off of workmen and women in big factories just now is part of the bluff strategy, and although the working people have had their prosperous existence under Democratic reign they are told that Democracy means hard times and privation. Millions of dollars are being scattered to corrupt the election and we will all know Tuesday night whether a Presidency can be bought and the American voters bluffed at the same time.

It is said in Kentucky that Kentucky is rapidly repenting for its mistake last year and doubly glad to know that "Howdy Ed" the mistake of last year, is helping to right the wrong. Selected Governor by the majority of 40,000. The voters have soured on him so fast after discovering his real ability that it is doubtful if he could be elected Constable tomorrow in the Hogwallow district. Just as was stated in these columns then, Morrow is an orator of the bathhouse type with no pretensions to statesmanship, and his reasoning and argument appeal only to the negro or ignorant mountaineer. As a sample of the Governor's tawdry style the telegram of his to the Center College College football team last Saturday is a fair criterion. Just think of the Governor of Kentucky sending an undignified and sacrilegious message such as the following to a bunch of football players: "For God's sake make good, hit the line hard and low." One can hardly blame Mrs. Cora Wilson Stewart, of the Women's Democratic headquarters, when she refers to "Howdy Ed" as being in a class with Charles Chaplin rather than a worthy successor to Kentucky's former Governors. If you want to meet a real down-the-middle voter a room-of-glooms, talk to some misguided Democrat that fell into the error of voting for our ballyhoo Governor last year.

The blunder in electing Morrow and Gov. Cox's mistake in awarding that Republican majority of 40,000 of last year into a safe majority for Gov. Cox next Tuesday, and if it wasn't for the handicap of Senator Beckham Kentucky would give an old-time message such as the following to a bunch of football players: "For God's sake make good, hit the line hard and low." One can hardly blame Mrs. Cora Wilson Stewart, of the Women's Democratic headquarters, when she refers to "Howdy Ed" as being in a class with Charles Chaplin rather than a worthy successor to Kentucky's former Governors. If you want to meet a real down-the-middle voter a room-of-glooms, talk to some misguided Democrat that fell into the error of voting for our ballyhoo Governor last year.

The result in this district the writer considers in doubt simply because the white and Democratic voters have been robbed and defrauded in advance of the election by unfair and unjust redistricting. Precincts have been so adjusted that approximately 6,000 white people will be deprived of their rights as citizens next Tuesday through congested white precincts. Negro precincts have been so adjusted that negro men and women Republicans can all pretty near stand in their front or side door and cast their vote for the Republican ticket, and all can be enrolled by noon, as the negro precincts average 255 voters

with a two or three block area. On the other hand, precincts where the white voters predominate have an enrollment of 600 to 1,000 voters, and there is no earthly chance for many of these white men and women to vote if they remain at the polls all day. Incidentally these white precincts take in a boundless area, and white men and women will have to travel nearly a mile in some city precincts as a penalty for being Democrats and opposed to negro domination. If this wholesale and high-handed jobbery of precincts had happened about three or four years ago the Democratic perpetrators would have been hanged in effigy at indignation meetings after stirring speeches by reform leaders of the Men's Federation. Have these reformers fallen from grace or are they just asleep at the switch? Please page Fred Gernert, C. J. Meddis, Dr. Lockhart, Henry Johnson, Capt. Huhlein, Dr. H. Davidson or C. G. Stoll. Maybe they don't know this wholesale robbery of voters has been going on, or do they place such implicit confidence in the "reform" administration they helped to select that no investigation is necessary?

Decides the joke Governor there are a couple of amusing features in this campaign and one is the attitude of the poor old machine organ, the Louisville Herald. In endeavoring to dig up some Democratic voters who would support Harding, the Herald gave a two column space to old Judge Henry L. Barker the other day, advertising him as a Democrat who had seen the light. This is rich. Barker has been affiliating and working with the local Republican machine for the past several years, and it was two years ago that he denounced the local Mose Green organization at a Republican banquet in a speech filled with glittering misstatements. Here's another rich one the Herald pulled off and it only goes to show further how hungry the machine is for a kind word for our Keystone police and "hick" firemen. Following a fire at the Church Home and Infirmary on Morton avenue resolutions were adopted by the officials and directors of the Home, in which it was said: "Too much praise can not be given the Salvage Corps" and "until we had our fire we did not realize what a wonderful protection the Salvage Corps is to the citizens of Louisville." Not a single word in the resolutions of our Keystone police and "hick" firemen, yet the Herald has the gall and cheek to head the article as follows: "WORK OF FIREMEN AND POLICE LAUDED." Can you beat it?

Just as we predicted, the negroes have grown equality mad from the encouragement of the Republican machine, both State and city, and the occurrence here the past few days only serve to notify the people of Louisville and Kentucky that race riots and trouble are in the near future. Encouraged by the promise of Shawnee Park, negro police and firemen, negro deputies in the City Hall and Court House, the negro now wants other rights. Not content in this city to stay in negro sections like West Walnut or West Chestnut street, the "toney" negro and the gambling and loud dress negroes have come to Fourth avenue to show the white men and women off the sidewalks, the negro riot of last Sunday afternoon on Fourth avenue being a result and forerunner of what is to come. A white man and his wife were assaulted by a negro carrying a black-belt, and the negro and his two women companions were not given the right of way. Growing more and more afraid of the negro domination, it is rumored that the Republican machine is withdrawing from the Board of Education race so the negro candidate would not be forced on them by the negroes. That looks like the proverbial "nigger in the woodpile" in Woods' withdrawal.

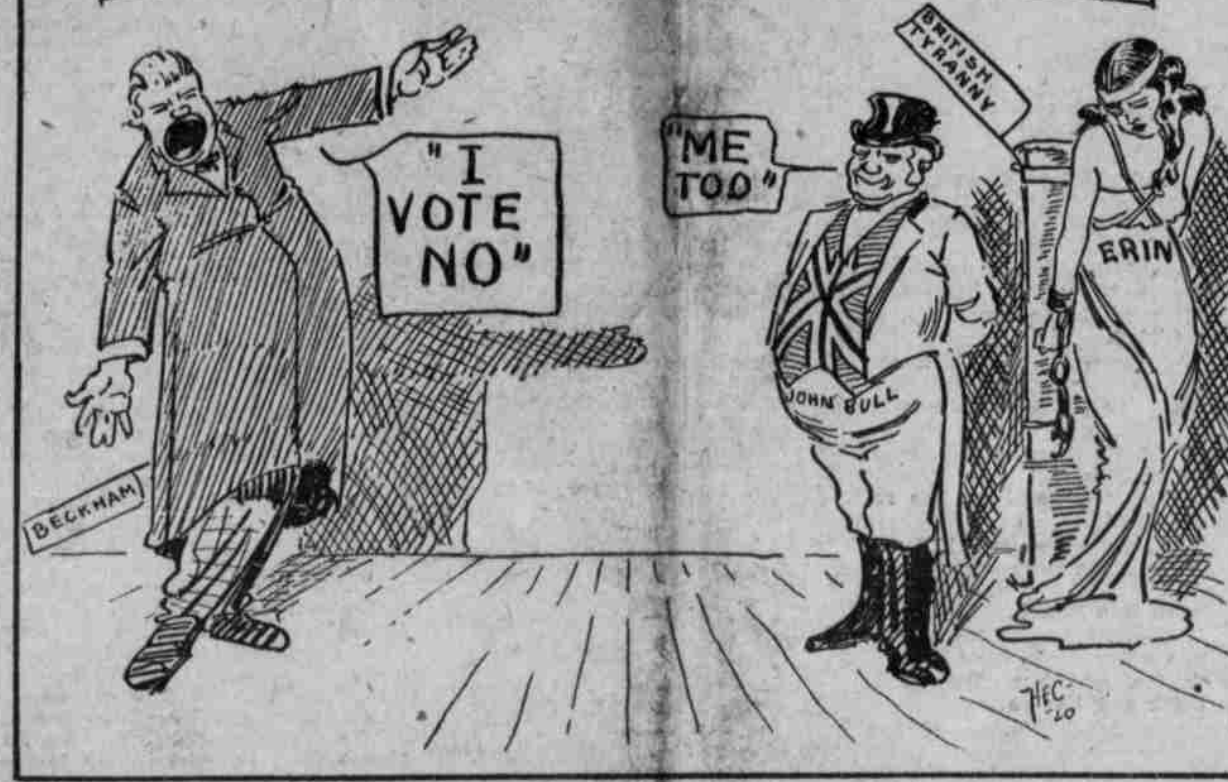
This is a little incident of the Gypsy Smith revival in which the Herald can't "land" the police on their performance. Dr. Ben Underwood, of this city, attended the revival, and on arriving in front of the tabernacle shut off the gas, locked the car and left it standing between two of our noble Keystone cops. At the close Dr. Underwood comes out, finds that his locked automobile has been stolen, but the two Keystone cops are still standing there. Dr. Underwood had taken his medicine cabinet inside, but now he finds that his medicine cabinet has been stolen, but the two Keystone cops are still standing there. Dr. Underwood had taken his medicine cabinet inside, but now he finds that his medicine cabinet has been stolen, but the two Keystone cops are still standing there.

Here's a little movie of the Keystone comedy police released this week and like most movie pictures it terminates happily. In reel one a little boy finds a dead gumball shooter. Not being colored and carrying a gun, he is pounced on by a Keystone with the historic name of Luther. Officer Luther confiscates the gumball shooter and expects to make a felony fee for his capture. Scene two. Boy goes home crying and tells his dad that a Keystone had swiped his gumball shooter. Dad becomes madder than a wet hen, hitches up his trousers and goes out after the Keystone. The next scene is quite a painful one. Dad wallops the daylight out of Officer Luther and recovers the boy's gumball shooter. Reel two. Keystone says: "Conserve you, I'll get even with him, dad blame him," and calls up for a wagon load of Keystone to look up Dad despite the threats of boy armed with gumball shooter. Scene three is located at the jail, where prisoners don't have to stay unless they want to. Prisoner and his captors arrive at jail, but hark! here comes a motorcycle messenger riding up Lib-

(Continued on Fifth Page.)

## A VOTE AGAINST BECKHAM IS A VOTE AGAINST JOHN BULL.

"In consenting to the Ratification of the treaty with Germany, the United States adheres to the principle of self-determination and to the resolution of sympathy with the aspiration of the Irish people for a government of their own choice."



The above is a copy of the resolution of Senator Gerry, passed by the Senate and meaning only sympathy for the suffering Irish people. Yet Senator Beckham voted against it, and it is the duty of men and women of Irish blood and all fair minded citizens to vote against him next Tuesday.

## MARTYRED

Terence MacSwiney, the Heroic Lord Mayor of Cork, Gives His Life in British Prison For the Freedom of Ireland and Justice to Her Long and Cruelly Oppressed People.

News of His Death Was Received Everywhere With Evidences of Profound Grief and Expressions That Irish Nationalism Is Given a Stimulus Almost Incalculably Effective.

## THE BODY LAY IN STATE IN CATHEDRAL UNTIL REMOVAL TO IRELAND

Terence MacSwiney, Lord Mayor of Cork, died at Brixton Prison, London, at 5:40 o'clock Monday morning. His death followed a hunger strike of more than seventy-three days, eclipsing any in the annals of the medical world. The Lord Mayor, who has been unconscious for several days, did not recover his faculties before he died. Father Dominic, his private chaplain, and his brother, John MacSwiney, were with him when he died. Father Dominic was at the prison all night and did not leave until several hours after MacSwiney breathed his last. John MacSwiney and the chaplain, who had been waiting downstairs in the prison, were told by prison officials at 4:35 o'clock that they should go to the Mayor's bedside, as they thought death was approaching. The brother asked for the privilege of communicating with other relatives who were not present, but the officials refused him the use of a telephone. After the prisoner's death his brother and the chaplain were not permitted to leave Brixton Prison until 8:15 o'clock. John MacSwiney immediately conveyed word to the widow of the Lord Mayor, who was staying at a West End hotel. Mrs. MacSwiney, accompanied by her parents and Misses Annie and Mary MacSwiney, sisters of the Lord Mayor, arrived at Brixton Prison at 9:30 o'clock.

As soon as the news of the Lord Mayor's death began to spread through the city small knots of people began moving toward Brixton Prison. The police, however, did not allow anyone to move into the street leading to the prison entrance, keeping the people moving so that a crowd would not form. Fears had previously been expressed that the Lord Mayor's death might cause a demonstration at the prison. The MacSwiney family arranged during the morning for the removal of the body from the prison to St. George's Cathedral in London as soon as the inquest was ended. The body will lie in state there until it is taken to Dublin, where it is planned to place the body for a day or two in the Mansion House.

When one of the officials was asked Monday regarding Mrs. MacSwiney's absence from the bedside when death occurred he replied by saying the restrictions which were recently imposed upon the visits of

relatives were urged by the attending physicians as vital to the prisoner's own interests. A friend of the MacSwiney family, who accompanied Mrs. MacSwiney when she visited Brixton Prison this morning, said the Lord Mayor's telegram of October 18 to the Cork hunger strikers, with reference to the death of the hunger striker, Michael Fitzgerald, in Cork Jail, in which he referred to Fitzgerald as having died for his country and joined the immortals, characterized the family's attitude. "Mrs. MacSwiney and the Lord Mayor's sisters, Annie and Mary, who were not present when the end came, entered the cell, kissed the Mayor's cheek, knelt silently in prayer a few moments and then left," the friend said. "There was not a tear shed by the Mayones, who preserved the same stoical self-possession she has shown throughout the long ordeal."

The news of Lord Mayor MacSwiney was the first of an Irish hunger strike to occur in England. Just a week ago, on the occasion of the death of Michael Fitzgerald, one of the eleven hunger strikers in the Cork Jail, the Lord Mayor telegraphed: "We do not know who is to be the second to step in the path of immortality, but by offering unreserved sacrifice we are safeguarding the destinies of Ireland."

Similar plans were made some time ago when it appeared that the Lord Mayor was about to die, and it is known that at that time the Government took steps to repress what might constitute any undue demonstration. Just what the attitude of the Government will be in the present case is not known, but it appeared certain that no large demonstration of any kind would be sanctioned either in England or in Ireland and that the funeral probably would be controlled as was that of Michael Fitzgerald in Cork recently. Terence MacSwiney, although only forty years old at the time of his

death, like so many other leaders of the Republican movement in Ireland, combined with his political ability a number of other diversified talents. While still a very young man he published several volumes of verse, of drama and prose essays. He edited a weekly newspaper called *Fianna Fail* until it was suppressed by the British Government. Born in Cork City, as a boy and in young manhood he was identified with the majority of the movements in Ireland—literary, linguistic and political—which had as their object the complete dissociation of the Irish from English rule. He was an ardent member of the Gaelic League, whose primary object was to make Ireland Irish-speaking.

The Lord Mayor of Cork was educated at the Christian Brothers' School, Cork City, and later obtained degrees of Bachelor of Arts from the Royal University of Ireland and Master of Arts from the National University. He was also a graduate of the London School of Economics and held a traveling fellowship of economics and kindred subjects under the Department of Technical Instruction for Ireland. In 1917 he married Muriel Murphy, the daughter of Countess Murphy of Cork City. In December, 1918, he was elected representative for Mid-Cork constituency to the Dail Eireann. In 1919 he was elected Councillor of the Municipality of Cork, and following the death of Lord Mayor MacCurtain he was unanimously elected to succeed him on March 30, 1920. Lord Mayor MacSwiney is survived by his wife, his daughter Maire, not yet two years of age, by his two sisters, Mary and Annie, and his brother John in Ireland, by a brother Peter resident in New York City, and two other sisters, one in a convent in North Carolina and the other in a convent in Tokyo, Japan.

Lord Mayor MacSwiney's grave will be alongside that of his official predecessor, Lord Mayor Thomas MacCurtain, who was shot in his own home in Cork on March 20, 1920, by his two sisters, Mary and Annie, and his brother John in Ireland, by a brother Peter resident in New York City, and two other sisters, one in a convent in North Carolina and the other in a convent in Tokyo, Japan.

MacSwiney will be the fourth to be buried in this plot, the others being MacCurtain, Sheamus McGuirk, who was taken out of bed in his Galway home and shot, and Jeremiah McNulty, who participated in the Easter uprising in Dublin in 1916. These arrangements are contingent upon

the possibility of governmental interference. The progress of the funeral party from Dublin to Cork will be marked by a series of services at all the populous centers en route. Final obsequies will be held in Cork Cathedral and interment will be made in St. Fin Barr's Cemetery in Cork. The grave in which MacSwiney will be buried is known as "Republican plot," which has been reserved for Irish Nationalist soldiers. In Cork feverish interest in possible developments caused by the death of Lord Mayor MacSwiney in Brixton Prison is mingled with the grief in which his death has plunged South Ireland. Although the people appear stirred to the highest degree of bitterness, it is regarded as extremely improbable that there will be any outbreaks or disorderly demonstrations in this city. Cork Jail, where a number of hunger strikers are in a grave condition, is guarded inside and out by soldiers equipped with machine guns. There is an exceptionally large garrison here. It is equipped for any eventualities, has a number of tanks and armored cars and is ready for instant service. Military forces are so strong that it is considered improbable that any attempt at force will be made here.

It is understood the Irish Parliament has been asked to refrain from violence. This is also believed to be the policy of various influential leaders of the Sinn Fein movement. Whether such counsels will be followed by the voters, or by members of the Irish Republican Brotherhood, one of the most militant of Irish secret societies, remains to be seen. The news of Lord Mayor MacSwiney's death, received in private telegrams to his friends, traveled with lightning speed throughout the city. A meeting of the City Council to discuss the situation arising from the Lord Mayor's death was called, when the Deputy Lord Mayor announced that he and several other municipal officials would proceed to Brixton Prison. He stated that plans for holding the funeral in Cork would be proceeded with.

Tuesday morning a deputation of twenty-one members of the Cork Corporation, headed by Deputy Mayor O'Callaghan, had arrived in London to attend the London services of Mayor MacSwiney and accompany the funeral party to Cork. The Evening News of Wednesday printed the following statement, which it says, was made by the Deputy Lord Mayor of Cork: "We are leaving behind us in your capital many of our patriots who will see that the debt of your Government is fully paid. The English Government may think they have stifled us, but there will be reprisals, and soon." A jury of ten men, after twelve minutes' deliberation Wednesday morning, returned an open verdict at the inquest over the body of Lord Mayor MacSwiney of Cork, who died in Brixton Prison early Monday from the results of his seventy-three-day hunger strike. The widowed Lady Mayones, dressed in black and heavily veiled, was the only witness on behalf of the MacSwiney family and was the defendant figure of the proceedings. Her composure was indicated by her quick and pointed replies. Mrs. MacSwiney successfully resisted the continued attempts of the Coroner to have her characterize her late husband's occupation otherwise than as "a volunteer officer of the Irish Republican Army."

Relatives of Mayor MacSwiney were completing arrangements for the funeral of the Lord Mayor, who was expected the body would be turned over to them by Government authorities following the autopsy and plans already announced contemplated its removal to St. George's Cathedral. It will probably remain there until Thursday, when a requiem mass will be celebrated, after which the funeral procession will start for Euston Station. It was reported from Dublin that all the members of the Dail Eireann, or Irish Republican Parliament, intend to come to London for the obsequies. It is also stated that a body of Irish Volunteers will attend the funeral party throughout this journey. Solemn requiem mass was sung at St. George's Cathedral at 11 a. m. Thursday, the celebrant being Father of Mount service, a member of that Cathedral. Absolution was given by Archbishop Mannix, the Australian prelate, and Bishop Cotter, of Portsmouth. The funeral party was to proceed from the Cathedral to Euston Station at 2 p. m. contingents from all the Irish societies from London and representative bodies from Irish civil and commercial bodies marching in the procession. The casket was surmounted by wreaths and the hat which the Lord Mayor formerly wore as commandant of the Cork Brigade of the Volunteer Army. The breastplate of the coffin bore an inscription in Gaelic reading: "Murdered by the foreigner in Brixton Prison, London, October 25, the fourth year of the Republic. Aged forty years. God have mercy on his soul."

Four men, who with their comrades had been guarding the body throughout the night, were relieved by a quartette wearing long coats, which they took off as they stepped to the platform, wearing the uniform of the Irish Republican Army.

## JEW TOURIST

Tells of Conditions in Ireland and Sufferings of the Inhabitants.

Touching Description of Broken Homes and Broken Hearts in Erin.

Pays Tribute To Behavior and Character of Irish Men and Women.

COUNTRY UNDER MARTIAL LAW.

"Strangers here must be very careful as to remarks, as one never knows who one is talking to. Something wrongly said may mean a bullet from an unknown source." Writing from Belfast, Ireland, a New Yorker scribbled the above on the margin of his letter. This New Yorker is a well-known Hebrew, who originated on the lower East Side. He is not an erudite man, but he is an observing one. He has been traveling in Ireland for some time, and his letter is to George Whiting, an Irishman and a member of the theatrical team of Whiting and Burt. His letter tells something of conditions in Ireland as seen by an impartial observer. It sounds like a description of a country held by the Germans during the late war. The writer says:

"On entering the country everybody and everything is searched for firearms and ammunition. Practically the whole of Ireland is under martial law. The curfew tolls at 10:30 p. m., and is kept until 5 a. m. Only doctors, firemen and others who have good cause to apply for a permit to be out between given hours can enter the street to brave the challenges that the soldiers hurl at one, which is far too short, and often never repeated by word, but by a shot. Many an innocent man has been shot dead under such circumstances by the very young soldier that is being used for enforcing the law here. Yes, soldiers far too young and eager to use the gun just because they are entrusted or interested with such power.

"At one end of the city one can see the walls of houses and billboards chalked up with such warnings as 'Up Rebel!', 'Up Sinn Fein!', 'Down the Crown!', etc., while at the other end of the city the Union Jack is displayed from almost every house. A faction war is in the neighborhood of the other faction will receive a message to move or else the end will be soon, and will quietly and quickly do so, without notifying the police authorities who have placarded the city demanding such notices should be turned over to them at once. Many a good old home that some family has occupied for the past thirty or forty years has been abandoned quickly and sold for nearly nothing thereby giving up priceless home treasures and family heirlooms. And so many an old Irish heart is broken as well as the home.

"The Lord Mayor of Cork, a Mr. Terence MacSwiney, is on his thirty-seventh day of hunger striking. Each day his condition is reported as weak. It is being rumored that it only requires this man's death to ignite the torch of civil war and terrible outrage and bursts of fire from the streets. "Every possible petition has been made on the Mayor's behalf to secure the freedom of him and his compatriots who are undergoing sentence for seditionary carrying on. The King, Prime Minister, every foreign legation and ecclesiastical power have been solicited for the Mayor's release. The King of England answered he was powerless in the matter.

"Everything is rather quiet here and everywhere in Ireland just now. But it is a quietness that bears ill-boding. An unseen brewing is now taking place. It is the quiet before the outbreak. "Everywhere poverty and terrible famine prevail; yet by the clear-cut features of the young folk, the girls' wonderful black hair, clear eyes, very white skin and intelligent expression, the young men's ruddy cheeks, sharp eyes and determined looks, one who appreciates real physical types would marvel at these humans were they transplanted to a troubleless country and clothed in the best. They are not, as is common in other countries among the poorer masses, slovenly clothed and of slovenly carriage and expression. The clothing here is of very poor texture, to be sure, but the carriage, expression and determination of each individual is something to marvel at. So the land of the shamrock and the harp is in deep suffering and trouble."

RYAN GIVES SOME.

The Democratic National Committee has announced the receipt of a \$25,000 contribution to the Cox campaign fund from Allan A. Ryan, New York, who broke the Wall Street corner on Stutz stock. Ryan accompanied his contribution with a letter to George White, Chairman of the committee, in which he characterized the methods used against the Democratic ticket "as infamous from the beginning."

INCREASED BY THOUSANDS.

The Knights of Columbus have gained 140,000 members during the last year. The order numbers 633, 978, with 1,975 subordinate councils scattered throughout the United States, Canada, Cuba, the Philippines, Porto Rico, Newfoundland and Alaska.

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